(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

# **ORTHAPRIME**



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#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

#### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: ORTHAPRIME

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Adhesives

## Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: A. Algeo Ltd

Address: Sheridan House, Bridge Industrial Estate

City: Liverpool
Telephone: 0151 448 1228
Fax: 0151 448 1008
F-mail: sales@algeos.co

E-mail: sales@algeos.com
Web: www.algeos.com

#### **1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +44 (0)151 448 1228 (Monday-Friday, 8.30am-5pm)

If calling outside of these hours, alternative contact details: 0034 637 860 122 (please be advised, this number is outside of the UK and charges will apply).

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.**

## 2.1 Classification of the mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Aquatic Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Eye Irrit. 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. STOT SE 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### 2.2 Label elements.

# <u>Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:</u>

Pictograms:





# Signal Word:

# Danger

H statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

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Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

#### P statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

In case of fire: Use foam or dry powder for extinction. P370+P378

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P403+P235

#### **EUH** statements:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains: ethyl acetate

symclosene, trichloro-1,3,5-triazinetrion, trichloroisocyanuric acid

#### 2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

## 3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

## 3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

		(*)Classification - Regulation (E No 1272/2008		
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 607-022- 00-5 CAS No: 141-78-6 EC No: 205-500-4 Registration No: 01- 2119475103-46-XXXX	[1] ethyl acetate	20 - 99.99 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 613-031- 00-5 CAS No: 87-90-1 EC No: 201-782-8	symclosene,trichloro-1,3,5- triazinetrion,trichloroisocyanuric acid	0.25 - 2.49 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Ox. Sol. 2, H272 - STOT SE 3, H335	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

<sup>[1]</sup> Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

#### Inhalation.

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Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

## Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Don't let the person to rub the affected eye.

#### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

#### Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.**

The product is Highly inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

# Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

## Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.

#### Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

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During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

#### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes.For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Pick up the spill with non-combustible absorbent materials (soil, sand, vermiculite, diatomite, etc.). Pour the product and the absorbent in an appropriate container. The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate de-contaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8. For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use anti-static footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8. Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

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Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

Classification and threshold amount of storage in accordance with Annex I to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

		Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
Code	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5b	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	50	200

## 7.3 Specific end use(s).

See technical data sheet

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

#### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
		European	Eight hours	200	734
athul acatata	141 70 /	Union [1]	Short term	400	1468
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	United	Eight hours	200	
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	400	

<sup>[1]</sup> According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	734
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	734
	(Workers)	_	(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	367
athyl acatata	population)		(mg/m³)
ethyl acetate CAS No: 141-78-6	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	1468
EC No: 205-500-4	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
LC NO. 203-300-4	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	734
	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	63 (mg/kg
	(Workers)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	37 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

<sup>[2]</sup> According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

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Concentration levels PNEC:

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Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,24 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,024 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	1,65 (mg/L)
athyl acatata	sediment (freshwater)	1,15 (mg/L)
ethyl acetate CAS No: 141-78-6	sediment (marine water)	0,115 (mg/L)
EC No: 205-500-4	Soil	0,148 (mg/kg
LC NO. 205-500-4		soil dw)
	PNEC STP	650 (mg/L)
	oral (Hazard for predators)	0,2 (g/kg
		food)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

# 8.2 Exposure controls.

## Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %				
Uses:	Adhesives				
Breathing protection:					
If the recommended	technical measures are observed, no individual protection equipment is necessary.				
Hand protection:					
PPE:	Protective gloves against chemicals.				
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III.				
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420				
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.				
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight.  Always use with clean, dry hands.				
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride) Breakthrough time (min.): Material thickness (mm): 0,35				
Eye protection:					
PPE:	Face shield.				
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.				
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168				
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly.				
Observations:	Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame.				
Skin protection:					
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.				
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.				
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5				
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.				

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The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.

PPE: Anti-static safety footwear.

Characteristics: «CE» marking, category II.

CEN standards: EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346

Maintenance: The footwear should be checked regularly
The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending
Observations: on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Transparent liquid with characteristic odour

Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour:N.A./N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH:6

Melting point: N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: 77 °C Flash point: -4 °C

Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A.

Lower Explosive Limit: 2 Upper Explosive Limit: 12.8 Vapour pressure: 95,122 Vapour density:3.04 Relative density:0.9 g/cm³ Solubility: N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A.

Hydrosolubility: Reacciona con el agua Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: 427°C Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: 0.51 mPa.s a 20°C Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

#### 9.2 Other information.

Pour point: N.A./N.A. Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.**

## 10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

## 10.2 Chemical stability.

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Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product does not present possibility of hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid any improper handling.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

No decomposition if used for the intended uses.

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

There are no tested data available on the product.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):

Mixtures:

ATE (Oral) = 22.774 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Product classified:

Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

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h) STOT-single exposure;

Product classified:

Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3:

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;

Not conclusive data for classification.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

#### 12.1 Toxicity.

There is no information available on the biodegradability of the substances present.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

There is no information available on the degradability of the substances present.

No information is available regarding the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

#### 12.3 Bio-accumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name		Bioaccumulation			
		Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
ethyl acetate		0,73		_	Very low
N. CAS: 141-78-6	EC No: 205-500-4	0,73	-	-	very low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

## **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

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## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.**

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

<u>Sea:</u> Transport by ship: IMDG. Transport documentation: Bill of lading <u>Air:</u> Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

# 14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1993

## 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR: UN 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHYL ACETATE), 3, PG II, (D/E) IMDG: UN 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHYL ACETATE), 3, PG II

ICAO/IATA: UN 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHYL ACETATE), 3, PG II

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

#### 14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: II

## 14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: No

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 33 ADR LQ: 1 L IMDG LQ: 1 L ICAO LQ: 1 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E Proceed in accordance with point 6.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.**

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## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)

VOC content (p/p): 97,8 % VOC content: 97,8 g/l

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): P5b

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Kind of pollutant for the water (Germany): WGK 1: Slightly hazardous for the water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.**

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 : Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 3

Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquid, Category 2 Ox. Sol. 2: Oxidising solid, Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Sections changed compared with the previous version:

1,8,14,15,16

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It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Information on the TSCA Inventory (Toxic Substances Control Act) USA:

CAS No	Name	State
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	Registered
87-90-1	symclosene,trichloro-1,3,5-triazinetrion,trichloroisocyanuric acid	Registered

Risk classification system NFPA 704:



Health hazard: 1 (Slightly Hazardous)

Flammability: 4 (Below 73°F)

Reactivity: 0 (Stable)

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be

considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

EC50: Half maximal effective concentration. PPE: Personal protection equipment.

IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.

NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are

not expected in the environmental compartment.

RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

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The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.